

Mt. Pulaski Times-News

MT. PULASKI, ILLINOIS

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Thursday, September 8, 1932

Chicago Gets 94% Of Relief Fund; Downstate Only 6%

Chicago received more than 94 percent of the funds realized from the sale of the \$18,750,000 relief funds authorized by the State Legislature while the rest of the state received less than 6 per cent of the funds, according to a report released by State Auditor Oscar Nelson and an investigating committee of three appointed by the state legislature. The legislative committee is made up of Senator Richard N. Meants and Representatives Alexander Wilson and Elmer J. Schnackenberg. The report covers a five months' period, beginning February 6, 1932, and ending July 6, and was completed before the last of the funds were expended.

Chicago Gets Money; Downstate Pays

According to the report, a total of \$15,908,142.11 was expended during the five months' period. Of this amount, \$14,970,950.01, or more than 94 per cent was expended in Chicago and \$937,194.01, or less than 6 per cent was expended in the remaining 101 downstate counties. Cook County received more than sixteen times as much of the funds than all the other 101 counties put together.

The Relief Commission in the five months' period beginning February 6, expended for salaries and expense accounts in Cook County, \$1,245,330.53. In the remaining 101 counties, the total expenditures for salaries and expenses was only \$52,793.46, and the expenditures for unemployment relief, \$884,378.55, making a total expenditure for all purposes in the 101 counties downstate, \$937,192.10. The expenditures in Chicago for salaries and general expenses were, therefore, \$308,138.52 more than the total amount expended for both unemployment relief and salaries and expenses downstate.

The total expenditures for the five months in Chicago for all purposes were \$14,970,950.10 as against the downstate total of \$937,192.01. The total amount expended in Cook County and downstate is \$15,908,142.11. The remainder of the funds raised by the sale of anticipation tax warrants was expended during the month of July after the time covered by the state auditor and investigating committee in their report.

Downstate Must Support Bill or Be Stuck

The indications are that, on account of a lack of Chicago support, which was promised the legislature, the twenty million dollar bond issue proposition will fail in the election and that the entire \$18,750,000 secured from the sale of anticipation through a boost in the state tax rate. The state tax rate last year was 39 cents and the state legislature last spring provided that an amount equal to about 30 cents shall be included in the tax levy next year to cover the relief funds in case the bond issue fails. Owing to the borrowing of \$9,000,000 from the Federal government for relief purposes and to the sale by the state of \$11,000,000 of tax anticipation warrants caused by Cook County's failure to pay over \$40,000,000 taxes due the state, additional increases must be made to the state tax rate which, it is estimated will more than double the state taxes to be paid next year.

2,091 Employees Hired in Chicago

The report of Auditor Nelson and the legislative committee shows that the 2,091 employees, taken from other agencies, were on the payroll of the relief commission in Chicago on July 6 when the investigating committee made its report, and in addition to these employees there were several hundred others employed by the board. These employees, the report goes on to show, received more money in salary and traveling expenses than have all the remaining 101 counties in the state for all purposes, including relief of unemployed and pay of part of the workers and employees. Downstate most of the memworking without compensation, and in many instances they have been paying their own expenses, including the cost of

the gasoline they use.

The report states: "In several cases, your committee found more than one from the same family employed and drawing pay from the state. This practice we most earnestly discourage and condemn. We found in some cases employees received a month's vacation with pay. We recommend that, while these employees are on the state payroll and doing temporary charity work, vacations with pay should not be allowed."

PRICES ARE GOING UP

The upward trend in commodities has begun. That is what all the economic authorities have been saying must happen before prosperity can come back. Cotton is up, wool is up, hogs are up, rayon is up, and silk went up so high and so rapidly on the Japanese Silk Exchange the other day that the authorities closed the exchange to prevent a riot.

Commodity prices seemed to have hit the bottom. People who have been waiting to make their purchases until they were sure the bottom had been reached had better dig into their purses now and buy while the merchants' shelves are still stocked with low priced goods. They are not going to remain on the shelves very long, and the next lots which your merchant buys will be at a higher figure.

THE WAY OF LIFE

By Bruce Barton

The Voice of Authority

Success is always exciting; we never grow tired of asking what and how. What then, were the principal elements in the power of Jesus over men? How was it that a boy from a country village became the greatest leader?

First of all he had the voice and manner of the leader—the personal magnetism which begets loyalty and commands respect. The beginnings of it were present in him even as a boy. John felt them.

On the day when John looked up from the river where he was baptizing converts and saw Jesus standing on the bank, he drew back in protest. "I have need to be baptized of thee," he exclaimed, "and comest thou to me?"

The lesser man recognized the greater instinctively. We speak of personal magnetism as though there were something mysterious about it—a magic quality bestowed on one in a thousand and denied to all the rest. This is not true. The essential element in personal magnetism is a consuming sincerity—an overwhelming faith in the importance of the work one has to do.

Most of us go through the world mentally divided against ourselves. We wonder whether we are in the right jobs, and whether we are making the right investments, whether, after all, anything is as important as it seems to be. Our enemies are those of our own being and creation. Instinctively we wait for a commanding voice for one who will say authoritatively "I have the truth. This way lies happiness and salvation." There was in Jesus supremely that quality of conviction.

Even very successful people were moved by it. Jesus had been in Jerusalem only a day or two when there came a knock at his door at night. He opened it to find Nicodemus, one of the principal men of the city; a member of the Sanhedrin, a supreme court judge. One feels the dramatic quality of the meeting—the young, almost unknown, teacher and the great man, half curious, half convinced.

It would have been easy to make a mistake. Jesus might very naturally have have said: "I appreciate your coming, sir, expressed his sense of honor at the visit; You are an older man and successful. I am just starting on my work. I should like to have you advise me as to how I may best proceed. But there was no such note in the interview—no effort to make it easy for this notable visitor to become a convert. One catches his breath involuntarily at the audacity of the speech:

"Verily, verily, I say to you, Nicodemus, except you are born again you can not see the kingdom of Heaven." And a few moments later, "If I have not told you earthly things and you have not believed, how shall you believe if I tell you heavenly things?"

The famous visitor did not enroll as a disciple, was not invited to enroll; but he never forgot the impression made by the young man's amazing self-assurance. In a few weeks the crowds along the shores of the sea of Galilee were to feel the same power.

AUSTIN NEWS

Austin Township, Sept. 7.—Walter Eaton and family spent Sunday in Illinois vicinity with Mrs. Eaton's parents, and sister.

Rev. and Mrs. Dude, of Latham, called on Rev. and Mrs. G. W. Ball Friday.

Cooler this week, with the dew locking almost like frost Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Rau and two children, and grandmother, Mrs. Carl, returned Sunday from a week's visit at West Salem.

Miss Helen Trusner of Portage De Sioux, Missouri, is visiting friends and relatives here. Miss Zella Davis, Miss Helen Alsop and Rex Rau motored to the home of Homer Trusner near Illinois Sunday afternoon and brought her here.

Sunday visitors at the home of Henry Davis were Henry Stolz and family, James Hobkirk, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heilman.

Visitors Wednesday at the home of Henry Heilman were Claude Birks of Mahomet, John Richey and family, of Iowa, and Arthur and family, living southwest of Latham.

Helen Rogers, teacher of Prairie Chapel school several miles east of here, began the new term Monday. She has purchased a new Chevrolet car to drive to and from her school.

The Lakeview school opened the new term Labor Day, with Miss Sarah Rotramel teaching her third year. Hadley school opened same day, with Mrs. Mabel Spangler as teacher. Mrs. Frank Sager, of Paris, Illinois, but formerly of Mt. Pulaski, is teaching Monitor school. Other schools and teachers follow: Schaefer, Fern Wert; North Rolling, Martha Montgomery; Pleasant View North, Helen Emrick; Excelsior North, Hylma Woodcock; Hess, Lenora Vulgamott; Myrta Conner is teaching in Argenta grade school. Harmony United Brethren Church.

There were 59 present at Sunday School last Sunday morning. Dorothy Lois Wright gave a piano solo. The quarterly conference was held following Sunday School, and election of Church and Sunday School officers held, all being retained except one. Clarence Rau was elected church treasurer. The annual United Brethren Conference convenes in Lawrenceville this week.

Rev. W. Seitzinger and wife, of Astoria, called at the parsonage Monday morning on their way to conference. Rev. Seitzinger is a young minister.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

by Charles E. Dunn

Israel Journeying Toward Canaan. Lesson for September 11—Numbers 10:11-36.

Golden Text: Numbers 10:29.

The children of Israel occupied about forty years in their wanderings toward the land of promise. It is surprising how uneventful was their wilderness sojourn, although it was of supreme importance in laying the foundations of their religion and culture, and so preparing them for the momentous changes of their later history.

For the most part their life was fairly settled, with headquarters at Kadesh, a holy shrine on the southern border of the promised land, with an exceptional spring of water. One lesson describes the departure of the Israelites from Mt. Sinai, where they had camped nearly a year, giving, in detail, the order of the twelve tribes in the route of march.

Then comes the charming episode of Moses' appeal to his father-in-law, Hobab, elsewhere called Jethro, to act as guide. A member of the nomadic clan of Kenites or Midianites, he was thoroughly acquainted with the country through which the chosen people desired to pass. It is evident that he finally yielded to his son-in-law's urgent entreaty, despite his initial blunt refusal. That his services were not forgotten is indicated by Saul's counsel, many years later, to the Kenites to separate themselves from the enemy he was about to attack, because they, doubtless through Hobab, had been kind to his own folk. (See 1 Samuel 15:6).

The Golden Text, "Come thou with us, and we will do thee good," the greeting of Moses to Hobab, is one of the Bible's gracious invitations. Hobab was a foreigner, but he is promised complete equality of treatment. "Come and be a pair of eyes for us," pleads Moses, to quote Moffatt's graphic translation, "and as the Eternal prospers us, so will we prosper you."

CHEERING MORTGAGE NEWS

Perhaps the most widely cheering news that has come out of Washington in a long time is that there is to be a let-up in the foreclosure of mortgages. It started when Franklin Fort, president of the newly created Federal Home Loan Bank organization, persuaded the Comptroller of the Currency to telegraph instructions to all receivers of national banks ordering them to suspend all foreclosure proceedings. This was followed by an appeal to the various state bank superintendents, and practically all of them agreed that forced sales under foreclosure proceedings for the realization of assets of failed banks will be suspended for sixty days or more while the Federal Home Loan Bank is being organized.

The Home Loan Bank expects to be in a position to lend up to 40 per cent of the appraised value on home properties, and so make it possible for home owners who are in distress to retain their homes.

Mud Slinging In Present Campaign

Washington, D. C. (Autocaster), Sept. 7.—Not since the early days of the century, when Theodore Roosevelt was President, has so much violent criticism of governmental methods and public men appeared in print as has been coming out in the past year or so. It is the sort of stuff which President Roosevelt denounced as "muckraking." Nobody in Washington is exempt, from the President down. There is hardly a member of Congress, or a public official above the grade of bureau chief who has not been bitterly attacked and criticized by one or another of the group of Washington newspaper men who are writing books and magazine articles.

The latest of these exposures is a book which gives the record of the expense bills and mileage charges collected by numerous Senators and Representatives. Few people realize that, under a law enacted more than fifty years ago, every member of both Houses is entitled to collect forty cents a mile from the treasury at the beginning and end of each session of Congress, as travelling expense. That dates back almost to the stage coach days, when travelling was really expensive and necessarily slow. A member from the Pacific Coast, who pays about \$275 for his railroad and Pullman fares in going to Washington and returning home, draws more than \$1,300 for those expenses, under this forty-cents-a-mile law. And if a special session follows immediately on the heels of a regular session, as is often the case, the Government pays each member a round trip expense allowance of forty cents a mile, even if they don't leave Washington between the two sessions.

Such revelations as these are stirring up a lot of questions back in the home states and districts, and it is no secret here that a great many statesmen in both Houses are considerably worried. A very interesting list has been compiled of

Latest Fashions



The sketch shows one of the very latest styles in lounging pajamas. The trousers are made of crepe de chine in solid color and the tunic top, sashed at a rather high waistline, is made of chinese brocade.

To make the costume charmingly colorful the trousers and tunic are of strongly contrasting colors. The tunic may be of white. Then the trousers are bright red or green. With a tunic of red you will have trousers of green or yellow.

Senators and Representatives who have put members of their own families on Uncle Sam's payroll as secretaries, committee clerks and the like. This is another old Washington custom. The statement has been made here that at least twenty-four men of both Houses have failed of re-nomination because of these exposures.

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4.75-20	4.70	4.57	.91
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