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HARRY J. WIBLE, Editor and Publisher

Terms of Subscription Year (outside of Logan County) ----

Thursday, October 13, 1932

OUR AFFAIRS AND EUROPE'S

If we could build a wall a mile high aand the United States of America and roof over it so nobody could come in out of it by air, the people of this try could probably get along very well thout any contacts of any kind with the est of the world.

We would miss our tea and coffee, which aven't succeeded yet in growing in the 1 States. We would have to get ahi rithout any silk. We would have to chocolates and cocoa. Unless we or something else, we would have have to be pretty economical a-since we depend very largely choes countries for hides and leather. to get along, in short, hings we are accustomed hole, we probably could hole, we probably could be comfortable and reasonably e didn't import a single many other part of the harmonic didn't would have the comfortable and reasonably any other part of the harmonic didn't import a single many other part of the harmonic didn't import as in the harmonic didn't impor

would have to cut do we would e tob co, more of a number of other Im products than we in the United states can consume. We mine more copper, would have to shut down a lot of mines and abandon a lot of farms and find some more iron, more of several other metals than our domestic needs call for. We other occupation for the miners and farmers thus thrown out of work. We produce more oil than we can use, so we would have to cap a lot of oil wells and abandon a lot of pipe lines. We make more automobiles, more electrical equipment, more sewing machines, more typewriters, more fertilizers, more cameras, pianos and other man-ufactured products than we can use, and so a lot of the factories would have to shut down or curtail production. But, on the whole, perhaps we could get along if we did no business with the rest of the world. We wouldn't have to bother building any ships, but, of course, we could find something else for the shipbuilders to do.

It seems to us that the complete answer to the people who think we ought not to have anything to do with Europe lies in those facts. Until and unless the economic prosperity of the rest of the world is restored to the point where foreign nations can buy our surplus products again, we cannot look for a great or permanent revival of our own prosperity. And since the rest of the world cannot buy our goods unless we buy theirs, the problem of world prosperity depends for its solution largely upon the restoration of our own prosper-

There is no escaping the conclusion that neither our nation nor any other can stand alone.

APPLE TIME

All over the United States the annual apple crop which is the most widely distributed and most generally popular of all fruits, is fairly good.

The apple has become such a distinctively American product that most people do not realize that, like wheat, rice, cotton, oranges and many of our other fruits and crops the apple was imported from Europe. Indeed, about the only farm products which America has given to the rest of the world are tobacco, potatoes, corn, and tur-

In thirty-six out of the forty-eight keys. states the annual apple crop is large and important enough to figure in the government reports. Washington grows the most apples—more than thirty-seven million bu dernize and repair their premises. Money shel a year. New York State is second, pro- was donated to finance publicity to inducing more than twenty-seven million form people of the program. Men from bushels. In the whole United States the construction and repair companies were annual crop of apples shipped to market enlisted to solicit home owners and interaverages above one hundred and fifty est them in the project. So successful were

million bushels. ferent ways, all good. Apples are good ings.

eating, whether raw or baked or made in- AUSTIN NEWS to apple sauce. They are, in the estimation pie fillings. We don't know of anything Oct. 12.—Les Clendenning and famof epicures, the most satisfactory of all

of epicures, the most satisfactory of anythings pletter than a slice of apple pie, except another slice.

The apple, too, is the raw material from which is produced one drink which is specificially exempt under the prohibition law. The cider mills all over the country law. The cider male and the prohibition law. The cider male and the prohibition law. The cider male and the prohibition law are sweet cider in any quantity, and even congress has not found a way to appeal the natural law of fermentation which will change sweet cider into hard cider if you don't water hour!

Austin Townsinp, Macon Country, Macon Country, Macon Country were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Gordzke. Big rain Monday, followed by a heavy frost and the thermometer at the freezing point Tuesday morning. Mrs. Joe Gordzke. Big rain Monday, followed by a heavy frost and the thermometer at the freezing point Tuesday morning. Mrs. Johnston went to St. Louis Monday, being called there on caccount of legal business. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Heft and family motored to Clinton Sunday family or vehicles were involved in mon-fatal accidents owing to the better built than ever before, a little fare well add materially to the mileage they yield and at the same time better built than ever below to motor accidents owing to the better built than ever below to mitter any provide protection from accidents says a statement issued by the mersays a statement issued by the mer change sweet cider into hard cider if you hand and wrist were injurdon't watch out!

THE WAY OF LIFE

By Bruce Barton

A CAREER OPENS UP

ence to be given to that quiet unassuming

Mrs. Carrie Hoaglin and Mrs. Etta
Never us
Perrine left Monday for Flora, Illinois, the latter returning to her
the result. wife, the church has assigned a place of home after being here since the death of Mr. Hoaglin. eternal glory; and no thoughtful man can fail to be thankful for it. But with the glorification of Mary, there has been an almost complete neglect of Joseph. This almost complete neglect of be known. is partly because Mary lived to be known and remembered by the disciples, while nobody remembered Joseph.

Was he just an untutored peasant, mar-ried to a superior woman, and baffled by old daughter to St. Louis Wednesday ried to a superior woman, and baffled by the genius of a son whom he could never understand? Or was there, underneath his self-effacement, a vigor and faith that molded the boy's plastic years? Was he a happy companion to the youngsters? Did he carry the youngest, laughing and crowing on his shoulders from the shop? To these questions the narrative gives no answer. And since this is so—we have a right to form our own conception of the answer. And since this is so—we have a right to form our own conception of the character of this vastly significant and wholly unknown man, and to be guided by wholly unknown man, and to be guided by the one momentous fact which we do School last Sunday morning, and 45

It is this. He must have been friendly and patient and fine; he must have seemed to his children to be an almost ideal parent—for when Jesus sought to give mankind a new conception of the character of God, he could find no more exalted term for his meaning than the one word "Father."

Thirty years went by Jesus had dis-

Thirty years went by. Jesus had discharged his duty; the younger children were big enough for self-support. The strange stirrings that had gone on inside him for years were crystallized by the reports of John's success. The hour of the great decision arrived he hung up his tools great decision arrived; he hung up his tools and walked out of town.

What sort of looking man was he that day when he appeared on the bank of the Jordan and applied to John for baptism? Unfortunately the Gospel narratives suptheir standing in the business world that are swept off their feet by adply no satisfying answer to these questions and the only passage in ancient literature which purports to be a description of him has been proved a forgery. Nevertheless, it requires only a little reading between the lines to be sure that almost all the painters have misled us. They have shown us a frail man, under-muscled, with a soft face-a woman's face covered by a beard —and a benign but baffled look, as though the problems of living were so grievous that death would be a welcome release.

This is not the Jesus at whose word the disciples left their business to enlist in an

And for proof of that assertion consider only four aspects of his experience; the health that flowed out of him to create health in others; the appeal of his personality to women—weakness does not appeal to them; his lifetime of outdoor livin and the steel-like hardness of his nerves.

SAVINGS TO HOME OWNERS

Many people are alert to money-saving possibilities in these days to repair and remodel their property at low cost. As a result, numerous places have been improved in appearance, convenience and comfort. Oftentimes living conditions become saf-

er, too. To aid employment, the Chamber of Commerce in Pawtucket, R. I., appointed a committee to encourage citizens to mothey that three-quarters of a million dol-Few fruits can be used in so many dif- lars were employed in betterment of dwel-

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Adams,

There were 60 present at Sunday now.

It is this. He must have been friendly and lossed the meetings at Old Salem closed the meetings at Old Salem

nanners, but not so popular. Too much self respect, and not nough respect for your employer your fellow employees and your job entitles you to a "good-bye" check.
It is usually those who have lost

> Dr. Paul B. Berryhill DENTIST

Latham, Ill. -Dr. Pope's Office Thursday of Each Week



Beduce

CICK stomachs, sour stomachs and indigestion usually mean excess acid. The stomach nerves are over-stimulated.

over-stimulated.

Too much acid makes the stomach and intestines sour. Alkali kills acid instantly. The best form is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia, because one harmless dose neutralizes many times its volume in acid. For 50 years the standard with physicians everywhere.

ard with physicians everywhere.

Take a spoonful in water and your unhappy condition will probably end in five minutes. Then you will always know what to do. Crude and harmful motheds will prove appeal to you. Go methods will never appeal to you. Go, prove this for your own sake. It may save a great many disagreeable hours.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips'
Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians in carrecting excess acids. physicians in correcting excess acids.

Motorists Told How To **Prevent Tire Trouble**

Last year in the United States 330 motor vehicles were involved in non-fatal accidents owing to the

Is it not high time for a larger rever
day afternoon with flomer Trusher running over broken glass, boards, or rubbish in the streets or highways.

Never use the curb as a brake because a broken tire casing may be like getting a lot of money—worth the result.

How Modern Women Lose Pounds of Fat Swiftly-Surely

Get a bottle of Kruschen Salts—the safe procedure is to follow the suggestions of the car manufacturer or the tire dealer as to the amount of air to dealer and Mrs. Glenn Rau were Sunday evening supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heilman.

Several from this locality were in Maroa Sunday afternoon and attended the funeral of Dick Adams.

Miss Zella Davis and Rex Rau visited in Illiopolis vicinity Sunday day afternoon with Homer Trusner and family, going to see the new labely.

Get a bottle of Kruschen Salts—the cost is trifling and it lasts 4 weeks. If even this first bottle doesn't continue you this is the easiest, safest and surest way to lose fat—if you don't feel a superb improvement in health—so gloriously energetic—vigorously alive—your money gladly returned,

Never start the car too quickly, as spinning the wheels will cause heavy wear on the rubber. Quick application of the brakes is equally harming over broken glass, boards, or not provided the surgestions of the car manufacturer or the tire dealer as to the amount of air to dealer as

Getting distance on the radio is

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)

Report of the Condition of

STATE BANK OF LATHAM

Located at Latham, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 30th day of September, 1932, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES

	and Duo from		
1.	Cash, Other Cash Resources and Due from	\$ 19.617.02	
		None	
2.			
3.			
4.	T Colletoral Security (02)		
5.			
6.	T on Dool Estate (DC)	01514	
7.	Overdrafts (7)	None	
8.	Overdrafts (7)	7,500.00	
9.	Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures (3)-		
10.	Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	None	
	(10)		
11.	Customers' Liability account of Acceptances	None	
	(11)	None	
12.	Other Resources (12)	¥	
		193 322.30	
	Total Resources	- 100,022.0	
LIABILITIES			
LIADILITIES			
	Capital Stock (1)	\$ 25,000.00	
1.	Surplus (2)	25,000.00	
2.	vy 1: Duotite [NAT] (0)	040 00	
3.	- A		
4.	- 1 Dita (50)		
5			
6			
7	will		
8			
9	T: 1 -1 Timpoid ('/)	The state of the s	
10	- 11 Cuodit (X)	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAME	
11	n 1 1 1		
12		None	
13	3. Other Elabilities (10)	2400 000 00	
	Total Liabilities	\$193,322.20	
	Total Elabitities State Bank of	Latham do	
	a 1' c the Ctate Rank OI	Listellalli, do	

I, E. M. Culp, Cashier of the State Bank of Latham, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

E. M. CULP, Cashier.

State of Illinois, County of Logan, ss. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of October, 1932.

H. O. ELLIOTT, Notary Public.

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)

Report of the Condition of the STATE BANK OF CORNLAND

Located at Cornland, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 30th day of September, 1932, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES

1 las factor	
1. Cash, Other Cash Resources and due from	\$ 10.994.27
1. Cash, Other Cash Resources and due From Banks (1-2-3)	None
Banks (1-2-3) 2. U. S. Government Investments (4)	3,020.00
Calletonal Security (Va)	OOK 00
8. Other Real Estate (8)	12,500.00
to C t-mong' Lighting linder become	Mana
(10) of Accentances	- Mone
Tichilitar accommit of Accoputation	The state of the s
11. Customers' Elability account (11) (12)	None
	- None
12. Other Resources (12)	0100 150 19
Total Resources	\$102,459.42
Total Resources	
LIABILITIES	
1. Capital Stock (1)	\$ 35,000.00
1. Capital Stock (1)	1,420.00
1. Capital Stock (1) 2. Surplus (2) 3. Undivided Profits (Net) (3) 3.	1,381.77
3. Undivided Profits (Net) (3)	None
D (60)	*T
12. Bank Acceptances (3)	
15. Other Edward	\$102 459.45

Total Liabilities ____ -__ \$102,459.42 I, M. B. Drake, Cashier of the State Bank of Cornland, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

M. B. DRAKE, Cashier.

State of Illinois, County of Logan, ss. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of Octo-

Notary Public